CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL REGIONAL BOARD CENTRAL VALLEY REGION

MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM NO	
FOR	
COUNTY OF TULARE	
FOR	
CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE MAINTENANCE	
OROSI SOLID WASTE LANDFILL	
TULARE COUNTY	

Compliance with this Monitoring and Reporting Program; with Title 27 California Code of Regulations, §20005, et seq. (hereafter Title 27); and with the *Standard Provisions and Reporting Requirements for Waste Discharge Requirements for Nonhazardous Solid Waste Discharges regulated by Title 27*, dated April 2000 (Standard Provisions and Reporting Requirements), is ordered by Waste Discharge Requirements Order

A. REQUIRED MONITORING REPORTS

	Report	<u>Due</u>
1.	Groundwater Monitoring (Section D.1)	See Table I
2.	Annual Monitoring Summary Report	Annually
3.	Surface Water Monitoring (Section D.2)	See Table II
3.	Leachate Monitoring (Section D.3)	See Table III
4.	Facility Monitoring (Section D.4)	As necessary
5.	Response to a Release (Standard Provisions and Reporting Requirements)	As necessary

B. REPORTING

The Discharger shall report monitoring data and information as required in this Monitoring and Reporting Program and as required in Order _____ and the Standard Provisions and Reporting Requirements. Reports which do not comply with the required form will be **REJECTED** and the Discharger shall be deemed in noncompliance with the waste discharge requirements.

Section 6700 - §6799 and §7800 - §7887 of the California Code of Regulations (Business and Professions Code), requires that all technical reports (including self-

monitoring reports where analytical work and evaluations are required) be prepared by a registered professional or subordinate employee under his or her direction. If the report is prepared by the subordinate employee then the registered professional is required to sign the report indicating his or her responsibility for the report. Self-monitoring reports include an interpretation of analytical data and therefore require the signature of an appropriately registered professional in accordance with the §6700 - §6799 and/or §7800 - §7887 of the California Code of Regulations, Business & Professional Code. Technical reports submitted by the Discharger without the signature of an appropriate registered professional will be incomplete and shall be rejected.

In reporting the monitoring data required by this program, the Discharger shall arrange the data in tabular form so that the date, the constituents, the concentrations, and the units are readily discernible. The data shall be summarized in such a manner so as to illustrate clearly the compliance with waste discharge requirements or the lack thereof. Data shall also be submitted in a digital format acceptable to the Executive Officer.

Each monitoring report shall include a compliance evaluation summary as specified in E. Reporting Requirements.

Field and laboratory tests shall be reported in each monitoring report. Monthly, quarterly, semiannual, and annual monitoring reports shall be submitted to the Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board (Central Valley Water Board) in accordance with the following schedule for the calendar period in which samples were taken or observations made.

Sampling <u>Frequency</u>	Reporting <u>Frequency</u>	Reporting Periods End	Report <u>Date Due</u>
Monthly	Quarterly	Last Day of Month	by Semiannual schedule
Quarterly	Quarterly	31 March 30 June 30 September 31 December	31 August 31 August 28 February 28 February
Semiannually	Semiannually	30 June 31 December	31 August 28 February
Annually Annually 31 December 28 February The Discharger shall submit an annual monitoring summary report (annual report) to the Central Valley Water Board covering the previous monitoring year.			

The annual report shall contain the information specified in E. Reporting Requirements and a discussion of compliance with the waste discharge requirements and the water quality protection standard (WQPS).

The results of **all monitoring** conducted at the site shall be reported to the Central Valley Water Board in accordance with the reporting schedule above for the calendar period in which samples were taken or observations made.

C. WATER QUALITY PROTECTION STANDARD AND COMPLIANCE PERIOD

1. Water Quality Protection Standard Report

For the waste management unit (Unit), the WQPS shall consist of all constituents of concern, the concentration limit for each constituent of concern, the point of compliance, and all water quality monitoring points.

The WQPS for naturally occurring waste constituents consists of the constituents of concern, the concentration limits, and the point of compliance and all monitoring points. The Executive Officer shall review and approve the WQPS, or any modification thereto, for each monitored medium.

The report shall:

- a. Identify all distinct bodies of surface water and ground water that could be affected in the event of a release from the Unit or portion of the Unit. This list shall include at least the uppermost aquifer and any permanent or ephemeral zones of perched groundwater underlying the facility.
- b. Include a map showing the monitoring points for the groundwater monitoring program, and the surface water monitoring program. The map shall include the point of compliance in accordance with §20405 of Title 27.
- c. Evaluate the perennial direction(s) of groundwater movement within the uppermost groundwater zone(s).

If subsequent sampling of the background monitoring point(s) indicates significant water quality changes due to either seasonal fluctuations or other reasons unrelated to waste management activities at the site, the Discharger may request modification of the WQPS.

2. Constituents of Concern

The constituents of concern include all the waste constituents, their reaction products, and hazardous constituents that are reasonably expected to be in or derived from waste contained in the Unit. The constituents of concern for the Unit are those listed in Tables I through III for the specified monitored medium, and Table V. The Discharger shall monitor all constituents of concern every five years, or more frequently as required in accordance with a corrective action program.

a. Monitoring Parameters

Monitoring parameters are constituents of concern that are the waste constituents, reaction products, hazardous constituents, and physical parameters that provide a reliable indication of a release from a Unit. The monitoring parameters for the Unit are those listed in Tables I through III for the specified monitored medium and Table IV.

3. Concentration Limits

The concentration limits for each constituent of concern are as follows:

- a. For anthropogenic (not naturally occurring) constituents, which have no natural, and therefore, no background values, the concentration limit (WQPS) shall be the detection limit of the analytical method(s) used.
- Pursuant to §20415(e)(10)(B) of Title 27, for each naturally occurring b. inorganic constituent of concern, the concentration limit (applicable suite of background data) for that constituent shall be redetermined each semiannual monitoring period according to the following "moving window" formula, and the Discharger shall use the resulting concentration limit to apply the parametric Interwell Upper Prediction Limit analysis method featured in the SanitasTM for groundwater statistical software package, unless the software indicates that a different method (e.g., the nonparametric version of the same method) is more appropriate. For each reporting period subsequent to the initial reporting period, the Discharger shall create the new concentration limit, for that constituent, by taking the prior reporting period's background data, adding the newest datum, for that constituent, from background monitoring wells and removing the oldest datum. Monitoring wells M-1 and M-4 are proposed for the collection of background data.

Monitoring and Reporting Requirements Order	
County of Tulare .	
For Closure and Postclosure Maintenance	
Orosi Solid Waste Landfill	
Tulare County	

4. Point of Compliance

The point of compliance for the WQPS is a vertical surface located at the hydraulically downgradient limit of the Unit that extends through the uppermost aquifer underlying the Unit.

5. Compliance Period

The compliance period for the Unit shall be the number of years equal to the active life of the Unit plus the closure period. The compliance period is the minimum period during which the Discharger shall conduct a water quality monitoring program subsequent to a release from the Unit. The compliance period shall begin anew each time the Discharger initiates an evaluation monitoring program.

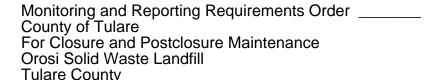
D. MONITORING

The Discharger shall comply with the detection monitoring program provisions of Title 27 for groundwater, surface water, and leachate in accordance with Detection Monitoring Specifications of Waste Discharge Requirements, Order _____. All monitoring shall be conducted in accordance with a sample collection and analysis plan, which includes quality assurance/quality control standards, that is approved by the Executive Officer.

All point of compliance groundwater monitoring wells and surface water monitoring points established for the detection monitoring program shall constitute the monitoring points for the groundwater and surface water WQPS. All detection monitoring program groundwater monitoring wells, surface water monitoring devices, and leachate monitoring points shall be sampled and analyzed for monitoring parameters and constituents of concern as indicated and listed in Tables I through III.

Method detection limits (MDLs) and practical quantitation limits (PQLs) shall be reported. All peaks shall be reported, including those which cannot be quantified and/or specifically identified. Metals shall be analyzed in accordance with the methods listed in Table V.

The Discharger may, with the approval of the Executive Officer, use alternative analytical test methods, including new USEPA approved methods, provided the methods have MDLs equal to or lower than the analytical methods specified in this Monitoring and Reporting Program.



1. Groundwater

The Discharger shall operate and maintain a groundwater detection monitoring system that complies with the applicable provisions of §20415 and §20420 of Title 27 in accordance with a detection monitoring program approved by the Executive Officer. The Discharger shall collect, preserve, and transport groundwater samples in accordance with the approved sample collection and analysis plan.

The Discharger shall determine the groundwater flow rate and direction in the uppermost aquifer(s) and in any zones of perched water and in any additional zone of saturation monitored pursuant to this Monitoring and Reporting Program, and report the results semiannually, including the times of highest and lowest elevations of the water levels in the wells.

A groundwater contour map and tabular data shall be submitted showing the elevation of groundwater with respect to the elevations of the top and bottom of the screened interval and the elevation of the pump intake. The tabular data shall be prepared quarterly and submitted semiannually.

Groundwater samples shall be collected from the point of compliance wells and any additional wells added as part of the approved groundwater monitoring system. Samples shall be collected and analyzed for the monitoring parameters in accordance with the methods and frequency specified in Table I.

The monitoring parameters shall also be evaluated annually with regards to the cation/anion balance, and the results shall be graphically presented using a Stiff diagram, a Piper graph, or a Schueller plot. Samples for the constituents of concern specified in Table I shall be collected and analyzed in accordance with the methods listed in Table V every five years.

2. Surface Water Monitoring

The Discharger shall install and operate a surface water detection monitoring system where appropriate that complies with the applicable provisions of §20415 and §20420 of Title 27 and has been approved by the Executive Officer.

For all monitoring points and background monitoring points assigned to surface water detection monitoring, samples shall be collected and analyzed for the monitoring parameters in accordance with the methods and frequency specified in Table II. All surface water monitoring samples shall be collected

and analyzed for the constituents of concern specified in Table V every five years. All monitoring parameters shall be graphed so as to show historical trends at each sample location.

3. Leachate Monitoring

The final cover of the Unit shall be monitored for leachate seeps on a quarterly basis. Leachate that seeps to the surface from the Unit shall be sampled and analyzed for the constituents listed in Table III upon detection. The quantity of leachate shall be *estimated* and reported as leachate flow rate (in gallons/day).

4. Facility Monitoring

a. Facility Inspection

Annually, prior to the anticipated rainy season, but **no later than 30 September**, the Discharger shall conduct an inspection of the facility. The inspection shall assess damage to the drainage control system, groundwater monitoring equipment (including wells, etc.), and shall include the Standard Observations contained in Section E.3.f. below. Any necessary construction, maintenance, or repairs shall be completed **by 31 October**. By **15 November** of each year, the Discharger shall submit an annual report describing the results of the inspection and the repair measures implemented, including photographs of the problem and the repairs.

b. Storm Events

The Discharger shall inspect all precipitation, diversion, and drainage facilities for damage **within 7 days** following *major storm events*. Necessary repairs shall be completed **within 30 days** of the inspection. The Discharger shall report any damage and subsequent repairs within 45 days of completion of the repairs, including photographs of the problem and the repairs.

E. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

 The Discharger shall retain records of all monitoring information, including all calibration and maintenance records, all original strip chart recordings of continuous monitoring instrumentation, copies of all reports required by Order ______, and records of all data used to complete the application for Order _____. Records shall be maintained throughout the life of the facility including the postclosure period.

Such legible records shall show the following for each sample:

- a. Sample identification and the monitoring point from which it was taken, along with the identity of the individual who obtained the sample;
- b. Date, time, and manner of sampling;
- c. Date and time that analyses were started and completed, and the name of the personnel and laboratory performing each analysis;
- d. Complete procedure used, including method of preserving the sample, and the identity and volumes of reagents used;
- e. Calculation of results; and
- f. Results of analyses, and the MDL and PQL for each analysis.
- 2. A transmittal letter explaining the essential points shall accompany each report. At a minimum, the transmittal letter shall identify any violations found since the last report was submitted, and if the violations were corrected. If no violations have occurred since the last submittal, this shall be stated in the transmittal letter. The transmittal letter shall also state that a discussion of any violations found since the last report was submitted, and a description of the actions taken or planned for correcting those violations, including any references to previously submitted time schedules, is contained in the accompanying report.
- 3. Each monitoring report shall include a compliance evaluation summary. The summary shall contain at least:
 - a. For each monitoring point addressed by the report, a description of:
 - 1) The time of water level measurement;
 - 2) The type of pump or other device used for purging and the elevation of the pump intake relative to the elevation of the screened interval;
 - 3) The method of purging (the pumping rate; the equipment and methods used to monitor field pH, temperature, and conductivity during purging; the calibration of the field equipment; results of the pH, temperature, conductivity, and turbidity testing; and the method

of disposing of the purge water) to remove all portions of the water that was in the well bore while the sample was being taken;

- 4) The type of pump or other device used for sampling, if different than the pump or device used for purging; and
- 5) A statement that the sampling procedure was conducted in accordance with the approved Sampling and Analysis Plan.
- b. A map or aerial photograph showing the locations of observation stations, monitoring points, and background monitoring points.
- c. For each groundwater body, a description and graphical presentation of the gradient and direction of groundwater flow under/around the Unit, and the groundwater flow rate, based upon water level elevations taken prior to the collection of the water quality data submitted in the report.
- d. Laboratory statements of results of all analyses evaluating compliance with requirements.
- e. An evaluation of the effectiveness of the leachate monitoring and control facilities, and of the run-off/run-on control facilities.
- f. A summary and certification of completion of all **Standard Observations** for the Unit, for the perimeter of the Unit, and for the receiving waters. The Standard Observations shall include:
 - 1) For the Unit
 - a) Evidence of ponded water at any point on the Unit (show affected area on map);
 - b) Evidence of odors presence or absence, characterization, source, and distance of travel from source; and
 - c) Evidence of erosion and/or of day-lighted refuse.
 - 2) Along the perimeter of the Unit
 - a) Evidence of liquid leaving or entering the Unit, estimated size of affected area, and flow rate (show affected area on map);
 - b) Evidence of odors presence or absence, characterization, source, and distance of travel from source; and

- c) Evidence of erosion and/or of day-lighted refuse.
- 4. The Discharger shall report by telephone any seepage from the disposal area immediately after it is discovered. A written report shall be filed with the Central Valley Water Board within seven days, containing at least the following information:
 - a. A map showing the location(s) of seepage;
 - b. An estimate of the flow rate;
 - c. A description of the nature of the discharge (e.g., all pertinent observations and analyses);
 - Verification that samples have been submitted for analyses of the Constituents of Concern and Monitoring Parameters, and an estimated date that the results will be submitted to the Central Valley Water Board; and
 - e. Corrective measures underway or proposed, and corresponding time schedule.
- 5. The Discharger shall submit an **Annual Monitoring Summary Report** to the Central Valley Water Board covering the reporting period of the previous monitoring year. This report shall contain:
 - a. All detected monitoring parameters and constituents of concern shall be graphed so as to show historical trends at each monitoring point, for all samples taken within at least the previous five calendar years. Each such graph shall plot the concentration of one or more constituents for the period of record for a given monitoring point, at a scale appropriate to show trends or variations in water quality. The graphs shall plot each datum, rather than plotting mean values. For any given constituent or parameter, the scale for background plots shall be the same as that used to plot downgradient data. Graphical analysis of monitoring data may be used to provide significant evidence of a release.
 - b. Unless otherwise exempted by the Executive Officer, all monitoring analytical data obtained during the previous two six-month reporting periods, shall be presented in tabular form as well as in a digital format acceptable to the Executive Officer. The Central Valley Water Board regards the submittal of data in hard copy and in digital format as "...the form necessary for..." statistical analysis [§20420(h) of Title 27], in that this facilitates periodic review by Central Valley Water Board staff.

- c. A comprehensive discussion of the compliance record, and the result of any corrective actions taken or planned which may be needed to bring the Discharger into full compliance with the waste discharge requirements.
- d. A map showing the area and elevations in which filling has been completed during the previous calendar year and a comparison to final closure design contours.
- e. A written summary of the monitoring results, indicating any changes made or observed since the previous annual report.
- f. An evaluation of the effectiveness of the leachate monitoring/control facilities.
- g. A written summary of the monitoring results of periodic leak searches to evaluate the integrity of the geosynthetic clay liner.

The Discharger shall implement the above monitoring program on the effective date of this Program.

Ordered by:_	
	PAMELA C. CREEDON, Executive Officer
	(Date)

VSM:7/16/2009

TABLE I

GROUNDWATER DETECTION MONITORING PROGRAM

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Units</u>	Frequency	
Field Parameters			
Groundwater Elevation Temperature Electrical Conductivity pH Turbidity	Ft. & hundredths, M.S.L. ¹ oC ² µmhos/cm ³ pH units NTU ⁴	Quarterly Semiannual Semiannual Semiannual Semiannual	
Monitoring Parameters			
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) Chloride Carbonate Bicarbonate Nitrate - Nitrogen Sulfate Calcium Magnesium Potassium Sodium Volatile Organic Compounds (USEPA Method 8260B, see Table	mg/L ⁵ mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	Semiannual Semiannual Semiannual Semiannual Semiannual Semiannual Semiannual Semiannual Semiannual Semiannual	
Constituents of Concern (see Table V)			
Total Organic Carbon Inorganics (dissolved) Volatile Organic Compounds (USEPA Method 8260B, extended li Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds	mg/L mg/L μg/L ist) μg/L	5 years 5 years 5 years	
(USEPA Method 8270C) Chlorophenoxy Herbicides (USEPA Method 8151A)	μg/L	5 years	
Organophosphorus Compounds (USEPA Method 8141A)	μg/L	5 years	

^{1.} Feet and hundredths of a foot above mean sea level.

^{2.} Degrees Celsius.

^{3.} Micromhos per centimeter.

^{4.} Nephalometric turbidity units.

^{5.} Milligrams per liter.

^{6.} Micrograms per liter

TABLE II

SURFACE WATER DETECTION MONITORING PROGRAM

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Frequency</u>		
Field Parameters				
Temperature Electrical Conductivity pH Turbidity	o _C ¹ µmhos/cm ² pH units NTU ³	Semiannual Semiannual Semiannual Semiannual		
Monitoring Parameters				
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) Carbonate Bicarbonate Chloride Nitrate - Nitrogen Sulfate Calcium Magnesium Potassium Sodium Volatile Organic Compounds (USEPA Method 8260B, see Table) Constituents of Concern (see Table)	,	Semiannual		
·	•			
Total Organic Carbon Inorganics (dissolved) Volatile Organic Compounds (USEPA Method 8260B, extended I Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds	mg/L mg/L µg/L ist) µg/L	5 years 5 years 5 years 5 years		
(USEPA Method 8270C) Chlorophenoxy Herbicides (USEPA Method 8151A)	μg/L	5 years		
Organophosphorus Compounds (USEPA Method 8141A)	μg/L	5 years		

^{1.}

Degrees Celsius. Micromhos per centimeter. 2.

Nephalometric turbidity units.
Milligrams per liter.
Micrograms per liter 3.

^{4.}

TABLE III

LEACHATE DETECTION MONITORING PROGRAM

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Frequency</u>
Field Parameters		
Total Flow	Gallons	upon leachate seep
Flow Rate	Gallons/Day	discovery upon leachate seep
Electrical Conductivity	µmhos/cm ¹	discovery upon leachate seep
рН	pH units	discovery upon leachate seep discovery
Monitoring Parameters		
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS)	mg/L ²	upon leachate seep
Chloride	mg/L	discovery upon leachate seep
Carbonate	mg/L	discovery upon leachate seep
Bicarbonate	mg/L	discovery upon leachate seep
Nitrate - Nitrogen	mg/L	discovery upon leachate seep
Sulfate	mg/L	discovery upon leachate seep
Calcium	mg/L	discovery upon leachate seep
Magnesium	mg/L	discovery upon leachate seep
Potassium	mg/L	discovery upon leachate seep discovery
Sodium	mg/L	upon leachate seep discovery
Volatile Organic Compounds (USEPA Method 8260B, see Table	μg/L ³ IV)	upon leachate seep discovery

TABLE III

LEACHATE DETECTION MONITORING PROGRAM (Continued)

Constituents of Concern (see Table V)

Total Organic Carbon mg/L upon leachate seep

discovery

Inorganics (dissolved) mg/L upon leachate seep

discovery

Volatile Organic Compounds µg/L upon leachate seep

discovery

(USEPA Method 8260B, extended list)

Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds µg/L upon leachate seep

discovery

(USEPA Method 8270C)

Chlorophenoxy Herbicides µg/L upon leachate seep

discovery

(USEPA Method 8151A)

Organophosphorus Compounds µg/L upon leachate seep

discovery

(USEPA Method 8141A)

Tulare County

^{1.} Micromhos per centimeter.

^{2.} Milligrams per liter.

^{3.} Micrograms per liter

TABLE IV

MONITORING PARAMETERS FOR DETECTION MONITORING

Surrogates for Metallic Constituents:

pH
Total Dissolved Solids
Electrical Conductivity
Chloride
Sulfate
Nitrate nitrogen

Constituents included in VOCs:

USEPA Method 8260B

Acetone

Acrylonitrile

Benzene

Bromochloromethane

Bromodichloromethane

Bromoform (Tribromomethane)

Carbon disulfide

Carbon tetrachloride

Chlorobenzene

Chloroethane (Ethyl chloride)

Chloroform (Trichloromethane)

Dibromochloromethane (Chlorodibromomethane)

1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (DBCP)

1,2-Dibromoethane (Ethylene dibromide; EDB)

o-Dichlorobenzene (1,2-Dichlorobenzene)

m-Dichlorobenzene (1,3-Dichlorobenzene)

p-Dichlorobenzene (1,4-Dichlorobenzene)

trans- I ,4-Dichloro-2-butene

Dichlorodifluoromethane (CFC-12)

1,1-Dichloroethane (Ethylidene chloride)

1,2-Dichloroethane (Ethylene dichloride)

1,1 -Dichloroethylene (1,1 -Dichloroethene; Vinylidene chloride)

cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene (cis-1,2-Dichloroethene)

trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene (trans-1,2-Dichloroethene)

1,2-Dichloropropane (Propylene dichloride)

cis-1,3-Dichloropropene

trans-1,3-Dichloropropene

Di-isopropylether (DIPE)

Ethanol

Ethyltertiary butyl ether

Ethylbenzene

2-Hexanone (Methyl butyl ketone)

Hexachlorobutadiene

TABLE IV

MONITORING PARAMETERS FOR DETECTION MONITORING

(Continued)

Hexachloroethane

Methyl bromide (Bromomethene)

Methyl chloride (Chloromethane)

Methylene bromide (Dibromomethane)

Methylene chloride (Dichloromethane)

Methyl ethyl ketone (MEK: 2-Butanone)

Methyl iodide (Iodomethane)

Methyl t-butyl ether

4-Methyl-2-pentanone (Methyl isobutylketone)

Naphthalene

Styrene

Tertiary amyl methyl ether

Tertiary butyl alcohol

1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane

1,1.2,2-Tetrachloroethane

Tetrachloroethylene (Tetrachloroethene; Perchloroethylene)

Toluene

1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene

1,1,1-Trichloethane (Methylchloroform)

1,1,2-Trichloroethane

Trichloroethylene (Trichloroethene)

Trichlorofluoromethane (CFC-11)

1,2,3-Trichloropropane

Vinyl acetate

Vinyl chloride

Xylenes

TABLE V

CONSTITUENTS OF CONCERN & APPROVED USEPA ANALYTICAL METHODS

<u>Inorganics (dissolved):</u> <u>USEPA Method/Standard Method</u>

Aluminum	200.8
Antimony	200.8
Barium	200.8
Beryllium	200.8
Cadmium	200.8
Chromium	200.8
Cobalt	200.8
Copper	200.8
Silver	200.8
Tin	200.8
Vanadium	200.8
Zinc	200.8
Iron	200.8
Manganese	200.8
Arsenic	200.8
Lead	200.8
Mercury	245.1
Nickel	200.8
Selenium	200.8
Thallium	200.8
Cyanide	SM ¹ 4500-CN

Cyanide SM 4500-CN Sulfide SM 4500-S

Volatile Organic Compounds:

USEPA Method 8260B

Acetone

Acetonitrile (Methyl cyanide)

Acrolein

Acrylonitrile

Allyl chloride (3-Chloropropene)

Benzene

Bromochloromethane (Chlorobromomethane)

Bromodichloromethane (Dibromochloromethane)

Bromoform (Tribromomethane)

Carbon disulfide

Carbon tetrachloride

Chlorobenzene

Chloroethane (Ethyl chloride)

Chloroform (Trichloromethane)

Chloroprene

Dibromochloromethane (Chlorodibromomethane)

TABLE V

CONSTITUENTS OF CONCERN & APPROVED USEPA ANALYTICAL METHODS

(Continued)

1.2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (DBCP)

1,2-Dibromoethane (Ethylene dibromide; EDB)

o-Dichlorobenzene (1,2-Dichlorobenzene)

m-Dichlorobenzene (1,3-Dichlorobenzene)

p-Dichlorobenzene (1,4-Dichlorobenzene)

trans- 1,4-Dichloro-2-butene

Dichlorodifluoromethane (CFC 12)

1,1 -Dichloroethane (Ethylidene chloride)

1,2-Dichloroethane (Ethylene dichloride)

1,1 -Dichloroethylene (1, I-Dichloroethene; Vinylidene chloride)

cis- I,2-Dichloroethylene (cis- 1,2-Dichloroethene)

trans- I,2-Dichloroethylene (trans- 1,2-Dichloroethene)

1,2-Dichloropropane (Propylene dichloride)

1,3-Dichloropropane (Trimethylene dichloride)

2,2-Dichloropropane (Isopropylidene chloride)

1,1 -Dichloropropene

cis-1,3-Dichloropropene

trans- I,3-Dichloropropene

Di-isopropylether (DIPE)

Ethanol

Ethyltertiary butyl ether

Ethylbenzene

Ethyl methacrylate

Hexachlorobutadiene

Hexachloroethane

2-Hexanone (Methyl butyl ketone)

Isobutyl alcohol

Methacrylonitrile

Methyl bromide (Bromomethane)

Methyl chloride (Chloromethane)

Methyl ethyl ketone (MEK; 2-Butanone)

Methyl iodide (Iodomethane)

Methyl t-butyl ether

Methyl methacrylate

4-Methyl-2-pentanone (Methyl isobutyl ketone)

Methylene bromide (Dibromomethane)

Methylene chloride (Dichloromethane)

Naphthalene

Propionitrile (Ethyl cyanide)

Styrene

Tertiary amyl methyl ether

Tertiary butyl alcohol

1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane

1.1.2.2-Tetrachloroethane

TABLE V

CONSTITUENTS OF CONCERN & APPROVED USEPA ANALYTICAL METHODS

(Continued)

Tetrachloroethylene (Tetrachloroethene; Perchloroethylene; PCE)

Toluene

1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene

1,1,1 -Trichloroethane, Methylchloroform

1,1,2-Trichloroethane

Trichloroethylene (Trichloroethene; TCE)

Trichlorofluoromethane (CFC- 11)

1,2,3-Trichloropropane

Vinvl acetate

Vinyl chloride (Chloroethene)

Xylene (total)

Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds:

USEPA Method 8270C - base, neutral, & acid extractables

Acenaphthene

Acenaphthylene

Acetophenone

2-Acetylaminofluorene (2-AAF)

Aldrin

4-Aminobiphenyl

Anthracene

Benzo[a]anthracene (Benzanthracene)

Benzo[b]fluoranthene

Benzo[k]fluoranthene

Benzo[g,h,i]perylene

Benzo[a]pyrene

Benzyl alcohol

Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate

alpha-BHC

beta-BHC

delta-BHC

gamma-BHC (Lindane)

Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane

Bis(2-chloroethyl) ether (Dichloroethyl ether)

Bis(2-chloro-1-methyethyl) ether (Bis(2-chloroisopropyl) ether; DCIP)

4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether

Butyl benzyl phthalate (Benzyl butyl phthalate)

Chlordane

p-Chloroaniline

Chlorobenzilate

p-Chloro-m-cresol (4-Chloro-3-methylphenol)

2-Chloronaphthalene

2-Chlorophenol

TABLE V

CONSTITUENTS OF CONCERN & APPROVED USEPA ANALYTICAL METHODS

(Continued)

4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether

Chrysene

Tulare County

o-Cresol (2-methylphenol)

m-Cresol (3-methylphenol)

p-Cresol (4-methylphenol)

4,4'-DDD

4,4'-DDE

4,4'-DDT

Diallate

Dibenz[a,h]anthracene

Dibenzofuran

Di-n-butyl phthalate

3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine

2,4-Dichlorophenol

2,6-Dichlorophenol

Dieldrin

Diethyl phthalate

p-(Dimethylamino)azobenzene

7,12-Dimethylbenz[a]anthracene

3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine

2,4-Dimehtylphenol (m-Xylenol)

Dimethyl phthalate

m-Dinitrobenzene

4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol (4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol)

2,4-Dinitrophenol

2,4-Dinitrotoluene

2,6-Dinitrotoluene

Di-n-octyl phthalate

Diphenylamine

Endosulfan I

Endosulfan II

Endosulfan sulfate

Endrin

Endrin aldehyde

Ethyl methanesulfonate

Famphur

Fluoranthene

Fluorene

Heptachlor

Heptachlor epoxide

Hexachlorobenzene

Hexachlorocyclopentadiene

Hexachloropropene

Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene

TABLE V

CONSTITUENTS OF CONCERN & APPROVED USEPA ANALYTICAL METHODS

(Continued)

Isodrin

Isophorone

Isosafrole

Kepone

Methapyrilene

Methoxychlor

3-Methylcholanthrene

Methyl methanesulfonate

2-Methylnaphthalene

1,4-Naphthoquinone

1-Naphthylamine

2-Naphthylamine

o-Nitroaniline (2-Nitroaniline)

m-Nitroaniline (3-Nitroaniline)

p-Nitroaniline (4-Nitroaniline)

Nitrobenzene

o-Nitrophenol (2-Nitrophenol)

p-Nitrophenol (4-Nitrophenol)

N-Nitrosodi-n-butylamine (Di-n-butylnitrosamine)

N-Nitrosodiethylamine (Diethylnitrosamine)

N-Nitrosodimethylamine (Dimethylnitrosamine)

N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (Diphenylnitrosamine)

N-Nitrosodipropylamine (N-Nitroso-N-dipropylamine; Di-n-propylnitrosamine)

N-Nitrosomethylethylamine (Methylethylnitrosamine)

N-Nitrosopiperidine

N-Nitrosospyrrolidine

5-Nitro-o-toluidine

Pentachlorobenzene

Pentachloronitrobenzene (PCNB)

Pentachlorophenol

Phenacetin

Phenanthrene

Phenol

p-Phenylenediamine

Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs; Aroclors)

Pronamide

Pyrene

Safrole

1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene

2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol

o-Toluidine

Toxaphene

2,4,5-Trichlorophenol

TABLE V

CONSTITUENTS OF CONCERN & APPROVED USEPA ANALYTICAL METHODS

(Continued)

0,0,0-Triethyl phosphorothioate sym-Trinitrobenzene

Chlorophenoxy Herbicides:

USEPA Method 8I51A

2,4-D (2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid)
Dinoseb (DNBP; 2-sec-Butyl-4,6-dinitrophenol)
Silvex (2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxypropionic acid; 2,4,5-TP)
2,4,5-T (2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxyacetic acid)

Organophosphorus Compounds:

USEPA Method 8141A

Atrazine

Chlorpyrifos

0,0-Diethyl 0-2-pyrazinyl phosphorothioate (Thionazin)

Diazinon

Dimethoate

Disulfoton

Ethion

Methyl parathion (Parathion methyl)

Parathion

Phorate

Simazine